

...y be murdered, such
able, having due regard to their rank, de-
ee, situation, and circumstances.
V. Magistrates are empowered to arrest stran-
rs, and examine them upon oath as to their
ace of abode, the place from whence they
me, their manner of livelihood, and their ob-
ct and motive for remaining or coming into
e country or town where they may be found,
nd if such strangers do not answer satisfactorily,
hey may be committed to gaol, until they find
urety for their good behaviour.

Such are the general provisions of the act;
hose which apply to disturbed districts are as
follow:

When a country is disturbed, or in immediate
danger of becoming so, any two Magistrates may
summon a special session of the peace in 48 hours
notice, summoning all Magistrates to attend, and
the majority of the Magistrates who shall attend
such special session, provided seven be present,
and one of them of the Quorum, may memorial
the Lord Lieutenant, to proclaim the country,
or a part thereof, to be in a state of insurrection,
upon which memorial the Lord Lieutenant and
Privy Council may issue a Proclamation accord-
ingly.

1. Within three days after the Proclamation
being issued, the Magistrates are to meet in a
petty session, and to cause notification to be made
through the proclaimed district, that the inhabi-
tants are to keep within their dwellings at all un-
seasonable hours, between sun-set and sun-rise,
and to warn them of the penalties on a contrary
conduct.

2. After such notification, any person who
shall be out of his dwelling at an unseasonable
hour of the night, may be taken before two Ma-
gistrates, and unless he can prove that he was
out of his house on his lawful occasions, he shall
be sent to serve on board his Majesty's fleet: such
person, however, shall be allowed to appeal to
the next session, upon giving satisfactory bail be-
fore a Justice of the Quorum.

3. Any Justice may enter houses during the
night, to search whether the usual inhabitants
are at home, and such as shall be absent, unless
they can prove that they were absent on their
lawful occasions, shall be deemed disorderly, and
be sent on board the fleet, with like remedy of
appeal.

4. All persons charged upon oath with taking
unlawful oaths, may be arrested, and in like man-
ner be sent on board the fleet, with like remedy
of appeal.

5. All persons who do not follow some lawful
occupation, such as a labourer, or otherwise, shall
be deemed disorderly, and sent in like manner
on board the fleet.

6. Such person sent on board the fleet, are
freed from all other penalties, to which their of-
fence might otherwise make them liable.

7. In every proclaimed district, magistrates
may take away the arms of registered persons,
giving a receipt for the same.

8. Persons unlawfully and tumultuously assem-
bling in the day-time, within a proclaimed dis-
trict, may be sent on board the fleet.

9. All persons found in tipling houses, between
nine at night and six in the morning, except in-
mates and travellers, within a proclaimed district,
may be sent on board the fleet.

10. Any person selling in any proclaimed dis-
trict seditious hand-bills, or paper unstamped,
which are required to be stamped by law, may
be sent on board the fleet—if women, they may
be committed to jail, for three months, unless
they discover their employers.

Letters have been received in town from the
British Fleet under the command of Sir John
Jervis, by which we learn, that it was off Tou-
lon; and that some of the British Ships had stood
so close in with the harbour, as to receive some
shot from the Batteries. The French Fleet was
in the harbour of Toulon.

There were yesterday no accounts from any
part of the European Continent.

This morning two couriers arrived with dis-
patches from Mr. Wickham, at Basle, in Swit-
zerland. Nothing of their contents had trans-
pired when this paper was put to press. [Sun.]

A vessel that arrived, on the 4th inst. at Leith,
from Bergen, states, that the Dutch fleet neither
is nor has been in that harbour.

The Friendship, Fry, from Jamaica for Lon-
don, was taken near Scilly on the 31st ult. by a
cutter privateer from Dunkirk, and retaken on
the 1st inst. by the Hector man of war, who sent
her home, and she is arrived at Portsmouth.—
The Frenchmen who were put on board her,
say they had taken seven sail of the Jamaica fleet,
but did not know their names: the Hector is
gone in pursuit of the privateer, but it is feared
will not overtake her, she sails remarkably fast.

General Francis Dundas goes out to take the
command of the Cape. Gen. Doyle accompa-
nies him as second in command, and Gen. Craig
proceeds to Bombay with the troops.

Wallace, a corporal in the 1st regt. of guards,
is one of the fortunate sharers of the last 20,000
prize.

Yesterday, the Right Hon. the Earl and
Countess of Clare, and Family, set out for
Dublin, from their Seat at Mount-Shannon.

This morning, four companies of the County
Tipperary Regt. of Militia, under the command
of Colonel Bagwell, which have for some time
past been quartered in this City, marched hence
for Carrick-on-Shannon;—during their stay in
this City, the most cordial good offices passed
between the regiment and towns-people, which
reflect the greatest credit on the Gentlemen who
bear commissions in that respectable Corps.—The
remainder of the Regiment who were in Kerry
Cantonments, are hourly expected, to proceed
for the above Quarters.

On Saturday evening a poor Widow, of the
name of O'Brien, who resided in Castle-street,
going to draw a pail of water at the slip at
Thomond-Bridge, fell into the river, and un-
fortunately perished;—she has left four orphans
thrown on the humanity of the Publick, not
having a relation able to give them a single
moriel.

BIRTH. Yesterday, on Arthur's-Quay, the
Lady of the Hon. George Maffy, of a daughter.

PORT-NEWS, April 9. Arrived—Phemie,
M'Neilige, from the river Kenmare, with the
cargo of the ship Sally, lately stranded there.—
Portland, Thompton, Workington, ballast.—
Grizic, M'Creagh, Greenock, herrings.—Betty,
Galbraith, Liverpool, rocksalt and staves.—Shear-
ness Tender, Lieutenant Milliner, Cork.—Jean,
Mitchell, Sligo, ballast.—12. Sailed—Mary,
Flight, London, provisions.—13. Arrived—the
Isabella, M'Kinly, London, potter, iron, &c.

 **WOOLLEN DRAPERY,**
A New and Elegant Assortment,
JUST ARRIVED AT
JOHN KENNEDY'S,
16, ARTHUR'S BUILDINGS.
Limerick, April 13, 1796.

has met since his Commencement in Dublin,
to inform them that he is just returned from Dublin,
where he has laid in a most extensive Variety in the
Woollen-Drapery Business, Fancy Waistcoating,
and Breeches Stuff of the first fashion; Gentlemen's
and Ladies Beaver Hats; Servants Hats, &c. &c.
all which he will, as usual, Sell at the Lowest
Prices for Ready Money.
(4 p.) Limerick, April 13, 1796.

A TAN-YARD.
TO be Set, from the 1st day of May next, for
such Term as may be agreed on, a Compleat
Tan-Yard, with every necessary Office, all in good
Repair.—Also, a good Dwelling-House, and a
Garden that commands a most beautiful prospect
over the Canal and a great part of the Country.—
Proposals to be made to Mr. George Hastings, in
Killaloe. April 12, 1796.

TO be SET, for any Term that may be agreed
for, the new and extensive STORES and
HOUSES lately built by Mr. DANIEL RYAN, in
the City of Limerick, on the banks of the Shannon.
The Stores and Lofts are capacious enough to con-
tain 20,000 barrels of Grain, and have two Kilns,
constructed on an excellent plan; the Yards and
Linnies are spacious and commodious for curing
and preparing Provisions and Butter for exportati-
on; and the Buildings are so contrived, that at a
very little expence, an extensive Brewery or Distil-
lery may be erected, there being already an extensive
Malt-house on the Concern, and to which purpose
the other Stores may be converted at a very trivial
expence; it would also be a most convenient place
for a Sugar-House, and being situated on that part
of the River where Ships have good and safe anch-
orage; there is not in Ireland a more eligible Concern
for Mercantile, or any other Business.

Also, to be Set or the Interest Sold, of 7
2R. 0P. of Court-Brack, being a Lease of Live
renewable for ever, situate on the River, on which
there is a snug House, Garden, and Offices, all
lies very near the above Concerns.
Limerick, April 13, 1796.

TO be LET, for Lives or Years, from the 1st
May, a FIELD near Mr. Fennesy's Nurse
containing 3 acres.

Ten Lots of Ground, part of the Lands
Rathurd, containing each about 10 acres, situ-
on the Roxboro' road, within a mile of Limerick.
OATLANDS, part of the Lands of Roxboro',
with the House, Offices, &c. containing 72 ac-
on which a considerable sum of money has been
expended.

ISLAND-NA-SKEHY, part of the Land
Licadon, containing 34 acres.
Oatlands and Island-na-Skehy are contiguous
each other, and situated about 2 miles from Limerick.—Apply to Mr. D'ESTERKE, Lime-
rick. April 13, 1796.
(6 p)

PAYMENT OF DEBTS.
SUCH Persons as are Indebted to Patrick
of this City, Apothecary, are requested
mediately to pay in the amount of their resp
Accounts to Mr. Bury Alps, Attorney, who
lawfully empowered and authorized to receive
same; in case of their not doing so, he will be
liged to take adverse steps against them.
(2 p) Limerick, April 12, 1796.

COUNTY OF LIMERICK.
TO be Let, from the 1st day of May ne-
the Term of Three Livvs, or 31 Yea-
House, Offices and Demefne of Stagdale.
Demefne contains 100A. of good Meadow
Pasture Ground, exceedingly well divided and
tered, with water in every field.—Propo-
Writing, only, to be received by the Hon.
Eyre Maffy, at Stagdale, who will Close
solvent Tenant as soon as the Value is offered.
Mr. Maffy will Dispose of some remarkable
Oak, Ash, Beech, Elm, and Fir Trees.
April 13,